

Monads and distributive laws

Maia Woolf

Department of Pure Mathematics and Mathematical Statistics
University of Cambridge

2024 August 21

Overview

- ▶ What is a monad?
- ▶ What is a distributive law?

Monads

Let **Sets** be the category of all sets.

A *monad* on **Sets** is a functor (think function) $T : \mathbf{Sets} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$ with some extra structure.

Example (Free abelian group monad)

$A : \mathbf{Sets} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$

$$\{a, b, c\} \mapsto \{0, a, b, c, 2a, a - 7b, -a + b + 4c, \dots\}$$

An abelian group is just a set X and a function $A(X) \rightarrow X$ satisfying some properties.

Monads

Example (Free monoid monad)

$M : \mathbf{Sets} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$

$\{a, b, c\} \mapsto \{1, a, b, c, aa, abba, bbbac, \dots\}$

A monoid is just a set X and a function $M(X) \rightarrow X$ satisfying some properties.

Monads

What if we apply a monad twice?

For monoids:

$$MM(\{a, b\}) = \{(bbb)(a), (ab)(ba), (abb)(a), (ba)(1)(a), \dots\}$$



$$M(\{a, b\}) = \{ bbba , \quad abba = abba , \quad baa , \dots \}$$

Monads

What if we apply a monad twice?

For monoids:

$$MM(\{a, b\}) = \{(bbb)(a), (ab)(ba), (abb)(a), (ba)(1)(a), \dots\}$$



$$M(\{a, b\}) = \{ bbba , \quad abba = abba , \quad baa , \dots \}$$

It is part of the structure of all monads T that we can map $TT(X) \rightarrow T(X)$ to 'simplify terms of terms'.

Monads

Can we compose monads?

E.g. can we make $AM : \mathbf{Sets} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$ into a monad?

Well, we'd need a way to map

$$AMAM(X) \rightarrow AM(X).$$

Distributive laws

To get a function

$$AMAM(X) \rightarrow AM(X),$$

we use something called a *distributive law*.

A distributive law here is a way to transform

$$\lambda : MA \rightarrow AM.$$

Distributive laws

To get a function

$$AMAM(X) \rightarrow AM(X),$$

we use something called a *distributive law*.

A distributive law here is a way to transform

$$\lambda : MA \rightarrow AM.$$

Then we can do

$$AMAM(X) \xrightarrow{\lambda} AAMM(X) \xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} AM(X).$$

Distributive laws

Example

$$\lambda : \quad MA \rightarrow AM$$

$$(a + b)(c + d) \mapsto ac + ad + bc + bd$$

Distributive laws

Example

$$\lambda : \quad MA \rightarrow AM$$
$$(a + b)(c + d) \mapsto ac + ad + bc + bd$$

This distributive law lets us simplify elements of $AMAM(X)$ to elements of $AM(X)$:

$$(aa + 1)(b + 1) + (b + 1)(1 + a)$$
$$\xrightarrow{\lambda} ((aa)(b) + (aa)(1) + (1)(b) + (1)(1))$$
$$+ ((b)(1) + (b)(a) + (1)(1) + (1)(a))$$
$$\xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} aab + aa + ba + a + 2b + 2.$$

Distributive laws

Example

$$\lambda : \quad MA \rightarrow AM$$
$$(a + b)(c + d) \mapsto ac + ad + bc + bd$$

This distributive law lets us simplify elements of $AMAM(X)$ to elements of $AM(X)$:

$$(aa + 1)(b + 1) + (b + 1)(1 + a)$$
$$\xrightarrow{\lambda} ((aa)(b) + (aa)(1) + (1)(b) + (1)(1))$$
$$+ ((b)(1) + (b)(a) + (1)(1) + (1)(a))$$
$$\xrightarrow{\text{simplify}} aab + aa + ba + a + 2b + 2.$$

This makes AM into the free ring monad!

Distributive laws

How many distributive laws $MA \rightarrow AM$ are there?

It turns out that there is only one, the λ from before giving multiplication distributing over addition (Zwart-Marsden, 2018).

My work has included looking for features of distributive laws that limit the forms they can take.

Overview

- ▶ What is a monad?
- ▶ What is a distributive law?

Thank you!

My thanks to Martin Hyland, for his sage advice, and for being an all-round wonderful supervisor.

My thanks to all of the other summer interns, too numerous to name, that I have spent time with, who have made this a very enjoyable summer; and to Fanny Seizilles for being a fab mentor.

My thanks to Sally Baume and the other organisers who made this such a supportive and enriching programme.

This project was funded by the Philippa Fawcett internship programme.

Thank you!

Hail the triumph of the corset
Hail the fair Philippa Fawcett
Victress in the fray
 Crown her queen of Hydrostatics
 And the other Mathematics
Wreathe her brow with bay.

