

Kirby and the promised land of topological manifolds: memories and memorable arguments

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"Kirby and the promised land of topological manifolds:

memories and memorable arguments"

- Try to explain:

Kirby's handle-by-handle approach to Hauptvermutung.

Earlier similar theories (i.e., handle-by-handle induction):

- Hirsch's smoothing theory:
convert PL homeo to diffeo.

- Sullivan's thesis:
convert homotopy equivalence to PL homeo.

PL topology: 1920's: Alexander \rightarrow Zeeman, Stallings,

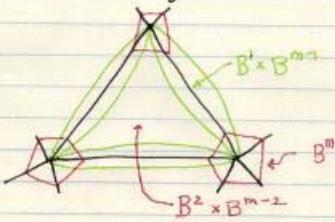
Situation:

$$M_{PL}^m \xrightarrow{h \approx} M'_{PL}^m, h \text{ 1-1 & bicontinuous.}$$

Hauptvermutung:

Isotopically deform h to a PL homeo. h'

PL structure gives handle-decomposition:



\exists open nbhd of any open simplex which is in product form: $B^k \times \mathbb{R}^{m-k}$

B^m around vertices

General handle: $B^k \times B^{m-k}$
 $\subset B^k \times \mathbb{R}^{m-k}$

Initial boundary: $\partial_- = \partial B^k \times B^{m-k} [\dots]$

$\partial_+ = B^k \times \partial B^{m-k} [\quad]$

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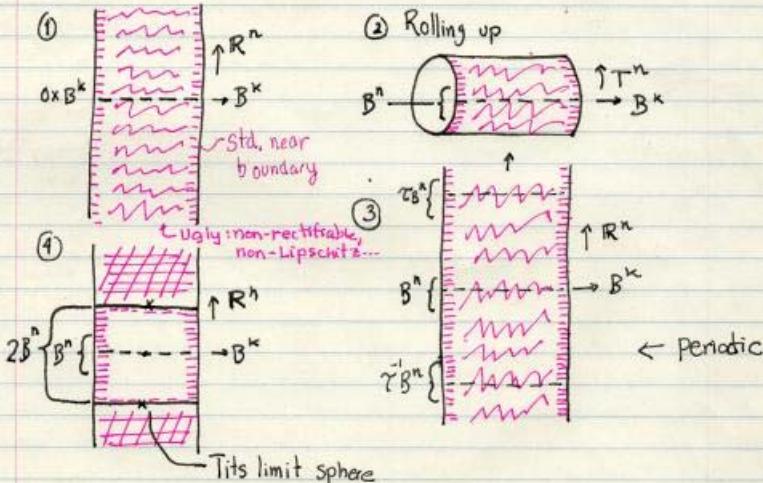
Kirby's Annulus conjecture allowed to
 isotop h with compact support on
 0-handle interior until it is PL
 near the vertices (core of 0-handles)



1-handles:
 want PL on nbhd of 1-skeleton,
 etc.

By induction PL in open nbhd of $k-1$ skeleton

Solving k -handle problems: (see formulae below)



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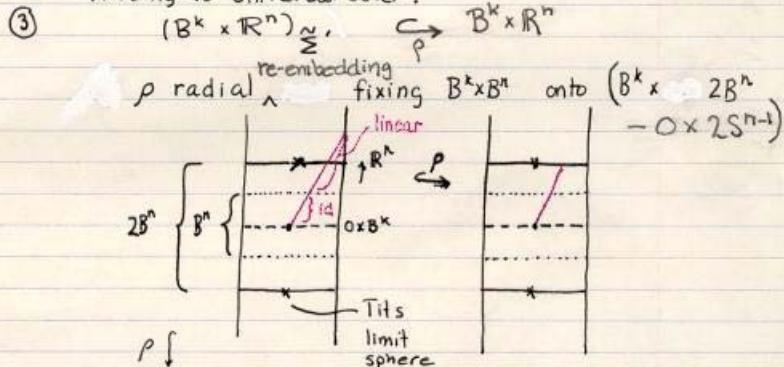
Handle problem:

- ① Handle: $(B^k \times \mathbb{R}^n)$
 $\Sigma \leftarrow$ PL structure pulled back by h
 \Rightarrow Get a structure Σ' by Kirby or Novikov furling trick
 (needs at least Stallings engulfing), or:

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (B^k \times T^n)_{\Sigma'} \quad T^n = \mathbb{R}^n / \lambda \mathbb{Z}$$

Fact: can arrange that Σ' equals Σ on
 a $B^k \times B^n$ (near $B^k \times 0$) and on ∂_- as well
 (see Edwards' lecture)

Passing to universal cover:



$$\textcircled{4} \quad (B^k \times \mathbb{R}^n) \quad \square$$

Now, Surgery (& more...) shows:

$$\text{If } k \neq 3 \text{ then } \exists \text{ PL homeo } g \text{ rel } \partial_- : B^k \times T^n \xrightarrow{\cong} B^k \times T^n$$

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see below:

by surgery if
 $k \neq 3$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 B^k \times T^n & \xrightarrow[\cong]{g \text{ rel } \partial} & (B^k \times \mathbb{R}^n)_{\Sigma} \\
 \downarrow \tau^n & & \downarrow \text{id} \\
 B^k \times \mathbb{R}^n & \xrightarrow{\tilde{g}} & (B^k \times T^n)_{\Sigma} \\
 \downarrow p & & \downarrow \text{id} \\
 B^k \times \mathbb{R}^n & \xrightarrow[H]{} & (B^k \times \mathbb{R}^n)_{\Sigma}
 \end{array}$$

Kirby Tower:

$\left. \begin{array}{c} g \cong \text{id} \\ \downarrow \\ \tilde{g} \text{ bdd. so:} \\ H \text{ is a homeo.} \end{array} \right\} \text{furling}$

By definition H is id . outside of $B^k \times 2B^n$ So H a PL homeo near pre-image of $B^k \times B^n$ $\therefore H$ id. outside $B^k \times 2B^n$.

Apply Alexander isotopy

 H isotopic to identity, fixing nbhd of ∂
and complement of $B^k \times 2B^n$ Isotopy $H_t : 0 \leq t \leq 1$ $H_0 = \text{id}$ and $H_1 = H$ Carry structure Σ along from id to H
& can go on to $k+1$ Claim: If not caught in $k=3$ exception we have
the hauptvermutung.id: $B^k \times T^n \longrightarrow (B^k \times T^n)_{\Sigma'}$ homotopy PL structure

In Casson's lecture (almost!)

$$\mathcal{S}(B^k \times T^n, \text{rel } \partial B^k \times T^n) = H^3(B^k \times T^n, \partial; \mathbb{Z}_2) \cong H^{3-k}(T^n; \mathbb{Z}_2)$$

 $\therefore k > 3$ is 0 $k=3$ bad, \mathbb{Z}_2 (and covering invariant) $k=0,1,2$ \mathbb{Z}_2 's but die under 2^n foldstd. covering (in fact, is 0 for
 $k=0,1,2$ by S-cobord. trick)but suff. to use the fact it
so dies

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Q: Why the problem with core dimension 3?
 What does it mean?
 How can it be solved?

Obstruction comes from Rohlin's Theorem

For M^4 closed PL + spin

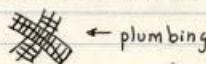
$$\sigma(M^4) \equiv 0 \text{ (16)}$$

Find a sort of 'homotopy violation' of it:

P^4 from E_8



8 plumbed unit disk bundles
of S^2



$$2P^4 = P^3 \text{ Poincaré } \cong \tilde{A}_5 \subset \text{Quat.}$$

$$H_*(P^3) = H_*(S^3)$$

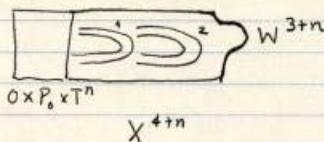
$\sigma(P^4) = 8 \Rightarrow$ Too small σ for a
Rohlin closed (smooth or PL)
manifold.

Bad Guy:

$$g: B^3 \times T^n \xrightarrow{g^{-1}} W^{3+n}, \quad g \not\in \text{PL homeo rel } \partial$$

Build quickly using suggestion of Casson from
punctured P^3 , called P_o^3

W end of surgery: $I \times P_o^3 \times T^n \cup \text{(2-handle)} \cup \text{(3-handle)}$
-handles attached on $I \times P^3 \times T^n$



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g not \cong rel ∂ to PL homeo, by Rohlin, even after finite cover

BUT

$g \cong$ rel ∂ to homeo, since after finite cover it mapping cylinder of small PL autom $\vartheta: B^2 \times T^n \rightarrow$ topologically isotopic to identity rel ∂ (Černavskii Kirby Edwards)

Bad guy: $B^3 \times T^n \xrightarrow[\cong]{g} W^{n+3}$

PL iso on ∂ rep. nonzero elt. of $H^3(B^3 \times T^n, \partial; \mathbb{Z}_2) = \mathbb{Z}_2$

Claim: g is \cong to a homeomorphism

Proof By s-cobordism theorem (identifying

 $B^3 = [0,1] \times B^2$ have $f: [0,1] \times B^2 \xrightarrow{\cong} W^{n+3}$ that equals g on $0 \times B^2 \cup [0,1] \times \partial B^2$ consider $f^{-1}g: [0,1] \times B^2 \times T^n \rightarrow [0,1] \times B^2 \times T^n$
is id on $0 \times B^2 \cup [0,1] \times \partial B^2 \times T^n$ but not PL isot to id on $B^2 \times I \times T^n$ rel ∂
(else g good guy!)